

PROPOSED REDUCTION IN WAGES TIES UP STREET RAILWAY LINES OF THREE CITIES

FARMER LIKELY BE PLACED ON FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD

JITNEY LINES ARE OPERATED

Union Hopes to Bring About a Settlement of Controversy by Competition.

THREE OF FOUR LINES ARE AT A STANDSTILL

City Council of Richmond Holds Meeting in Effort to Settle the Difficulty.

(By The Associated Press)

RICHMOND, Jan. 16.—Complete tie up of the electric lines of the Virginia Railway and Power Company in Richmond, Norfolk and Portsmouth, resulted tonight at 7:30 o'clock when the last car running over the lines in this city was taken into the barns. Service in Norfolk and Portsmouth ceased at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

The strike was the result of the refusal of the company's employees in the three cities to accept a reduction in wages.

Three lines were operated by the company here today, the South Richmond line consisting of only one car. A ten minute schedule was operated on other lines, according to statements by the power company officials.

Instructions sent out from headquarters of the men Sunday night that the union workers do nothing to incite criticism from the public were observed, according to union officers, and no disturbance on the part of the union men occurred at any of the terminals. The only arrests of the day resulted when "outsiders" jeered the crew of one of twelve cars operated by the company here today. Three of these "sympathizers" were taken into custody and bailed for their appearance in police court tomorrow morning.

The first day of the strike found three of the four lines operating in Virginia practically at a standstill. A few cars were run in Richmond, Norfolk and Portsmouth, but the service was so far below normal that it hardly was noticeable. There was no curtailment in the service in Petersburg, the workers there declining to leave their posts.

While Richmond was facing its first street car strike since 1903 the city council was holding a meeting to bring about a settlement of the controversy. A joint session of the board of aldermen and the common council took place in the city hall at noon today.

Four union men assisted the company to operate three lines in Richmond. Representatives of the union admitted this fact, but stated that two of the men called at union headquarters tonight and joined the ranks of the strikers. Neither of the other two had applied for reinstatement at a late hour tonight.

Statements from the offices of the company late tonight were that an improvement in the service was expected tomorrow. Applicants for the vacated positions were said to be numerous.

"Jitney lines" the union men are using to bring about a settlement of the controversy were inaugurated by the car men early this morning. This service covered all sections of the city and union leaders announced they were pleased with the service on the first day. Seventy-eight cars will be added to those already running and close to two hundred and fifty will be in operation before tomorrow night, according to the union leaders.

Word was received from the headquarters of the Amalgamated Association and Street and Electric Railway Employees of America, with which the Richmond division is affiliated, that the central body would back the local men to the limit. The sum of \$25,000 already has been received here as a defense fund. Receipt of this amount was announced at a meeting of the men today.

JAIL-STORMING MOB FAILED TO SHOW UP

(By The Associated Press)
BRISTOL, Va.-Tenn., Jan. 17.—Sheriff John M. Litton of Abingdon, at one o'clock this morning said that the reported plan to storm the Abingdon jail to release two alleged moonshiners had failed to develop and that he believed the moonshiners had abandoned the attempt. A strong guard will be maintained at the jail all night he declared.

EVA VAUGHN NOMINATED POSTMISTRESS AT CENTURY

(By GEORGE H. MANNING)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—President Harding sent to the senate today the nomination of Eva R. Vaughn for postmaster at Century and John L. Wall at Summerville.

SENATOR KING DECLARES TIME FOR "STUMP" SPEAKING TO STOP

Says President Harding Ought to Tell Shipping Board to Get on the Job and Stay There—Are Engaged in Stirring Up Sentiment for a Subsidy.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Officials of the Shipping Board were described today as propagandists by Senator King, democrat, Utah, who said President Harding ought to tell them to stay on the job and run the board. The Utah Senator asserted that officials of the board were engaged in "stirring up sentiment for a subsidy," and declared the time had come for "stump speaking to stop."

Mr. King made his attack during discussion of a measure to give the board authority to acquire a site in the Virgin Islands for a fuel station and fresh water reservoir.

"I wish," he said, "that Mr. Lasker and the others on the board would devote some time to the administration of their affairs. It is their duty rather than

spreading propaganda. Every few days we read of some of the officials making a speech in favor of government subsidy continually, and incessantly stirring up sentiment favorable to a subsidy."

Their actions, the Senator continued, have become a menace to the proper direction of affairs.

He added, however, that those who hitherto had been at the helm of the board were "no better" than those now in charge.

"Why do we permit such propaganda," Mr. King queried. "Those men are traveling about the country, taking the stump and urging action on policies with which many of us in Congress do not agree. I am constrained to say that the President ought to tell them to stay on the job."

FOUR MEN CONVICTED OF VIOLATION OF LIQUOR LAW RESULT OF INVESTIGATION

(By The Associated Press)

BILOXI, Miss., Jan. 16.—As a result of a police investigation into the presence of a Cuban fishing smack, reported to have been run from Key West, near Ship Island, last week, four Biloxi men were found guilty today of having conspired to bring liquor into Mississippi.

The men found guilty are Eddie A. Moran, Harold Moran, Maurice Moran and J. Kennedy. They were sentenced to pay fines of \$25 and serve 60 days in jail. Ten men were arrested in connection with the alleged liquor smuggling, but six of them were released today. It was alleged that the men made the trip to the Cuban vessel and transported the liquor to Biloxi. Nearly 100 cases of whiskey were said to have made up the cargo.

There was no developments tonight in regard to the finding of two bodies, believed by the police to have been members of the crew of the Cuban vessel, which have washed ashore. One of them floated in Friday morning and was buried after an attempt at identification proved futile. Sunday morning another body was found cast upon the shore by the tide and when examined by physicians, it was found broken. When this discovery was made the body of the first man was exhumed and it was also found that his neck had been broken.

Federal agents are making an investigation and it was said tonight that every angle of the affair, including an alleged fight with the crew of the fishing smack, would be investigated.

BANKERS APPEALED TO TO PUT THEIR AMERICANISM AHEAD OF THE DOLLAR

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—When captains of finance along Wall Street win the confidence of the American people and make them feel that the music of the clink of gold across their counters is not so sweet as the national anthem, they, according to James B. Sheffield, president of the Union League club, will have done a great service to American banking and a greater service to the American people.

Mr. Sheffield's appeal to financiers was made tonight in an address "The Soul of Wall Street," before a group of eight of the bankers' association. The name Wall Street is considered in many sections of the country with respect, Mr. Sheffield said.

"Regardless of who is responsible,"

the speaker continued, "it is not good for America that this prejudice prevail."

"Somehow, somehow, the people must be made to see that you are Americans before you are bankers; that as stockholders in this big American enterprise we call government, you intend to vote your one share for broad politics, and fit men, and are willing to even become directors in the new enterprises."

"They must learn that, in spite of the crooks and scoundrels who come here, generally from elsewhere than New York, the financial district of New York is a place where bad and reckless financial practice in corporate management is never rewarded and ever condemned. You are the only men who can make the country believe it."

SENATE CONFIRMS NOMINATIONS OF HALL AND ATCHISON FOR COMMISSIONERS I. C. C.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of Commissioner Atchison and Hall of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who were reappointed by the president. The senate action ends a protracted fight waged by several southern senators against the filling of the vacancies by men from sections of the country other than the south.

Mr. Atchison is listed from Oregon and Mr. Hall from Colorado.

The senators who opposed the confirmation and who had forced delays

in senate action several times, were said to have made it plain that their opposition was not personal but they had determined to press for southern representation on the commission and believed that the best way to call attention to their claims was by opposing the confirmation of the two nominations.

Senator Trammell, democrat, Florida, has a bill pending, which would designate the membership of the commission by-rate districts and thus grant the southern territory a member.

FOUR OF FIVE MEN WANTED ON THE CHARGE OF SHOOTING TROOPERS TAKEN

(By The Associated Press)

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 16.—Four of five fugitives sought by state police in connection with the shooting of two troopers on Cabin Creek yesterday were captured by Constable J. W. Amick at Seth, in the Coal-river district tonight, according to reports reaching state police headquarters here. Among those captured were the two men whom the state police charge with doing the actual shooting.

Those captured were "Pat" Jefferson and Leo Allison, the two charged with shooting the troopers; Henry "Skinny" Alford, and Elmer Smith. Troopers are still searching for A. H.

Highland, alleged to have been implicated in the shooting.

The state policemen wounded yesterday on Dry Branch when they attempted to arrest Alford on a capias issued by the Logan county court following his indictment in connection with the march of armed miners from Kanawha county to Logan county last summer, were reported to be improving tonight, and hope was held out for their recovery. They are Lane H. Black, of Morgantown, and Zachariah W. Taylor, of Terra Alta.

State police were being rushed to Seth tonight from several points in the Coal river field to guard the prisoners against any further attempt at escape.

DISCUSSION OF FAR EASTERN QUESTION IS NEARING THE END

Days Just Ahead Considered to Be Most Critical Ones of the Conference.

DELEGATES ADOPT WAITING ATTITUDE

Except for Collateral Discussions on Various Points Work Is at Standstill.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The far eastern discussions of the arms conference are entering into their final period of discussion, with most of the delegates professing confidence in the outcome, but conceding privately that the days just ahead may be the most critical of the whole Washington negotiations.

Having begun with a declared policy of disposing first of subjects upon which agreement appeared easiest, the plenipotentiaries now find themselves confronted with decisions on the problems which long have been the storm center of oriental politics—enforcement of the open door, Shantung, the "twenty-one demands," Manchuria and the Japanese occupation in Siberia.

For the moment all the delegates appear to have adopted simultaneously an attitude of waiting, so that except for collateral discussions on various points, the work of the conference is at a standstill.

The situation again has made Japan the center of conjecture, because of her outstanding position in the far east and because most of the problems now to be approached have arisen over policies and acts emanating from Tokyo.

Representatives of the other powers are speculating to what extent the United States will go in reiterating the many protests she has made in the past against Japanese moves in Shantung and elsewhere on the continent of Asia and in seeking an effective means by which readjustments may be brought about.

Because the Washington government has thus taken the lead in protesting heretofore, however, some of the delegates believe American officials would not object if some other delegation should take the lead in the task of stating pointedly the desires of the powers regarding future Japanese-Chinese relations. But there is no indication that any other power is preparing to do so.

The Japanese, meantime, are waiting also, but are throwing out suggestions that any attempt to force Japan's withdrawal from Shantung, Manchuria or Siberia except on terms that will protect her interests is sure to meet with bitter and protracted opposition.

Although not directly wrapped up in the general far eastern negotiations, the naval treaty, too, is waiting for final approval and indications are multiplying that its signature may be delayed until the far eastern problems are showing clearer indications of solution. In Japanese quarters a note of pessimism was sounded tonight over the prospect of an immediate settlement of the Pacific fortifications phase of the treaty. Japanese spokesmen calling particular attention at the campaign of protest waged at home over the British fortifications plan.

Discussion of the open door was begun during the day at a meeting of the far eastern committee of the conference, which heard a declaration on the subject by Secretary Hughes, after final action had been taken on the Chinese tariff program. The open door debate was inconclusive, centering about the question whether further action should be taken to maintain an effective equality of economic opportunity in China. The committee will take up the subject again tomorrow.

At Mr. Hughes' suggestion, the Chinese request for committee action on the "twenty-one demands" was deferred, it being argued that the "demands" could not properly be discussed as long as the Shantung conversations were continuing. The Chinese raised no protest, but reiterated tonight their determination not to let their proposal be shouldered out of the conference.

During the day the Japanese and Chinese met for the twenty-seventh time to discuss Shantung, and although they settled upon details for transfer to China of the administrative machinery of the Liaotung leased territory, they indicated, afterward that there were enough things yet to be talked over to occupy many more meetings.

BURCH JURY FAILS TO REACH AN AGREEMENT AND DISCHARGED

MISSING CRAFT AND PARTY IS LOCATED

Search Ends When Men Were Returned to Miami After Thrilling Experience.

(By The Associated Press)

MIAMI, Fla., Jan. 16.—Search for the three passengers and two aviators of the flying boat New York, missing since Friday afternoon when it left Miami for Bimini, ended today when the men were returned to this city after a thrilling experience on the seas. The three men were H. C. Crenshaw and M. F. Kahn, of Montgomery, Ala., and Clinton Leopold of Nazareth, Pa. The men were found Sunday night on Great Isaac's reef, 18 miles north of Bimini, where they had managed to put in after tossing on the waves for seven hours.

Five planes and two speed boats that conducted a two-day search covered in all approximately 2,000 miles. The three men were Shriners who came to Miami for a ceremonial held here Friday and Saturday.

The plane put off from Miami at 3:30 Friday afternoon and 30 minutes off for Bimini in a small boat Sunday. They reached Bimini five hours later and the yacht Seagull started for Great Isaac's light that night. Unable to make a landing because of the heavy seas the yacht anchored for the night and brought the three passengers to Bimini this morning.

Word of their rescue was relayed to Miami late Sunday night by wireless by the British naval cruiser Constance, lying off Bimini. The message was indefinite, however, and it was believed here that the Constance had sighted and mistaken the Columbus, which was due to arrive at Bimini Sunday night in the search for the lost plane. It was not until this morning when another plane was dispatched to Bimini that all doubt as to the safety of the men was removed.

ILLINOIS DOCTOR HELD FOR MURDER

Charged With Death of Woman and Her Father-in-Law, Declares His Innocence.

(By The Associated Press)

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—Dr. Robert X. McCracken, noted Southern Illinois physician, was released on bond of \$20,000 late today following the issuance of two warrants which charged him with the murder of Mrs. Clara Richwine, age 64, and her father-in-law, William Richwine, age 75, who were found shot to death in their home last Monday afternoon.

The woman's unclothed body was found on a dining table covered with a pad of blankets and pillows, while that of the aged man was crumpled in a basement room. Bond of \$10,000 was asked on each warrant, which bore a separate charge in connection with each death.

Dr. McCracken shortly before his arraignment gave out a statement from his cell, in which he declared his innocence. A preliminary hearing was set for January 26.

Police announced that information furnished by a woman friend of Mrs. Richwine led to the examination and arrest of the physician.

Authority to exhume the body of Mrs. Richwine to determine if she was given medical treatment, is being sought, police announced.

OPIUM IS FOUND ON THE TRANSPORT CROOK

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The steamship Crook which brought about 1,000 doughboys home last Saturday after springing a leak at sea, was searched today by customs officials who reported finding forty cans of opium hidden in the galley. They arrested the Chinese cook and his assistant who were held in \$2,500 bail each by a United States commissioner.

Had Been Out for Seventy-Two Hours After a Trial Lasting for Two Months.

(By The Associated Press)

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 16.—The jury trying Arthur C. Burch for the murder of J. Belton Kennedy reported itself unable to agree on a verdict today and was discharged.

Burch declared he was surprised at the result, the jury reported to Judge Reeve that the previous alignment of the 10 to 2 was unchanged. It was not made known officially whether the majority was in favor of conviction, but this was the belief of attorneys. The jury had been out 71 hours after a trial that lasted two months. The case set for 8:30 o'clock tomorrow for fixing a date for retrial.

District Attorney Thomas Lee Woolwine said he was ready, if necessary to start a retrial of Burch tomorrow, but expected the case would follow that of Mrs. Madalynne Obenchain, co-defendant of Burch, set for February 6.

"I'm going to keep after Burch until I get him," the district attorney said. He issued a signed statement in which he asserted that within forty-eight hours after the jury was sworn in, he and Assistant District Attorney A. S. Keyes had made up their minds that one of the jurors had "gone on the jury with her mind made up, and that she would in all probability, vote for acquittal."

The statement characterized the conduct of this juror as "reprehensible beyond belief."

Burch said he was "surprised and disappointed," but added, "I believe the jury did the best it could."

J. D. Kennedy, father of the slain man, said he believed the evidence was conclusive for conviction.

BRITISH SCHOONER MAY BE FORFEITED

Proceedings Against "Messenger of Peace" Is Held at Wilmington, N. C.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Forfeiture proceedings against the British schooner "Messenger of Peace" held at Wilmington, N. C., as an alleged rum smuggler is under consideration by the justice department and the prohibition bureau, it was announced today at prohibition headquarters.

The British schooner was taken into custody by the coast guard when it ran aground on the North Carolina coast December 31, and was towed to Wilmington where, according to officials, 1,000 cases of whiskey and gin were removed from the boat and placed in storage.

The boat was towed to Wilmington the prohibition officers said, as a result of arrangements made with the coast guard service by Prohibition rector Kohloss, of North Carolina.

"In the interim," the prohibition bureau said, "the collector of customs boarded the vessel and also a British vice consul. When the boat reached Wilmington Director Kohloss was there to meet it and endeavored to get on board, but was prevented from doing so by persons acting under instructions of the collector of customs after a conference they both agreed to wire to Washington. Telegrams were sent to the prohibition director and the customs division. The customs division wired their collector that no violation of customs laws appeared to have been made and that the boat should be released into the custody of the director."

"The boat is owned by one, A. Coleman, who appears to be a resident of New York, but who claims to be a resident of Nassau, Bahamas islands. The ship is under British registry, and apparently Coleman is claiming residence in the Bahamas islands in order that he may secure all the rights of a British subject."

"This boat was reported some time ago as one which was regularly engaged in the smuggling of liquor into the United States, and the name of the boat appeared on a circular with a number of other vessels suspected of engaging in such traffic."

"The matter of prosecuting the persons responsible for the illegal transportation of liquor and the forfeiture of the boat under section 26 of the national prohibition act, is now being handled by the prohibition director and the United States district attorney. The department of justice and this department are co-operating with a view to the successful termination of all proceedings instituted in this case."

RESERVE ACT IS TO BE AMENDED

In Making Appointments President Must Have Due Regard to the Several Interests.

MEASURE INTRODUCED RESULT OF COMPROMISE

Many Phases of the Reserve Board's Activities Are Denounced and Defended.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The senate will probably vote tomorrow to put a farmer on the Federal Reserve board, leaders of both parties said tonight. Such action will be taken on a bill amending the federal reserve act so that, in making appointments to the board, the president must have "due regard for a fair representation of the financial, agricultural and industrial commercial interests and geographical subdivisions of the country." The measure is a compromise, to which President Harding and most of the senators have agreed.

Senators today denounced and defended the many phases of the reserve board's activities, there being several attacks on the general administrative policy of the board while Senator Glass, democrat, Virginia, a former secretary of the treasury, known as author of the reserve act, stoutly defended the board's personnel and program. He branded criticism of the board as for the most part the "demagoguery" of "erruptive politicians." Mr. Glass' denials of charges that the board was the cause of the heavy decreases in prices of agricultural products was spirited and he offered figures in substantiation of his statements which he said were "cold and indisputable."

The other principal speech of the day was by Senator Norris, republican, of Nebraska, who, while saying he was eager to do anything which would aid the farmers, warned that "the farmers are about to be fooled again."

"They think," Mr. Norris said, "that this legislation will work wonders; that it will give immediate relief, that a sort of millennium will be produced. But it won't. And the reason it won't is because by no legislative act can congress take away the discretionary power vested in the executive over appointments."

Mr. Norris said he probably would vote for some of the amendments which he said would be offered to the compromise measure but that in most cases his vote would be in protest against what he described as nearly a complete administration of affairs by the reserve board.

Mr. Glass in the course of his speech offered official statistics, showing, he said, that while price of agricultural products tumbled last year, the regional reserve banks actually had increased the volume of currency and enlarged the credits. He emphasized that the reserve board had no power.

(Continued on Page 3.)

THE WEATHER TODAY

Pensacola and Vicinity—Unsettled, with probably rain Tuesday and Wednesday.

Winds—East Gulf: Fresh easterly winds, unsettled and probably rain Tuesday.

West Gulf: Moderate east and north winds, unsettled and rain over north Tuesday.

U. S. Weather Report.

Pensacola, Jan. 17, 1922.
Sunrise . . . 6:45 a.m.
Sunset . . . 5:15 p.m.
Moonrise . . . 9:05 p.m.
Moonset . . . 9:37 a.m.
Next phase of the moon, last quarter, Jan. 18.
Next high tide about 12 a.m. (13th).
Next low tide, about 11 a.m.

Yesterday's Weather.
Temperature—
Dry bulb . . . 65
Wet bulb . . . 65
Normal . . . 69
T.M. . . . 68
F.M. . . . 68

Highest . . . 68
Lowest . . . 57
Mean . . . 62
Mean same date last year, 58.
Accumulated excess this year to date, 45.

Highest of record this time of year, 76.
Lowest of record this time of year, 15.
Rainfall—hours ending 7 p. m. 0.
Total for this month to 7 p. m., 2.38.
Normal for January, 4.04.
Accumulated excess this year to date, 19.

Humidity—
7 a.m. . . . 74
12 noon . . . 53
7 p.m. . . . 99
Barometer—
7 a.m. . . . 30.26
7 p.m. . . . 30.12
Hourly Temperatures—
6 a.m. . . . 60
7 a.m. . . . 60
8 a.m. . . . 60
9 a.m. . . . 60
10 a.m. . . . 60
11 a.m. . . . 60
12 noon . . . 60
1 p.m. . . . 62
2 p.m. . . . 61
3 p.m. . . . 61
4 p.m. . . . 61
5 p.m. . . . 60
6 p.m. . . . 60
7 p.m. . . . 59